## Questions

- 1. What is meant by "the swing of a lathe"? (2 marks)
- 2. Trace the distribution of power from the motor to the work and to the tool for threading.

  (4 marks)
- 3. What is the carriage? What are the components which make up the carriage?
  (6 marks)
- 4. What is the quick change box? What is its function? (2 marks)
- 5. Describe a universal chuck and an independent chuck. How are the used? How do they differ? (4 marks)
- 6. Describe the procedure for testing a lathe to ensure that it will turn a true cylinder.

  (4 marks)
- 7. What is the effect on the rake and relief angles of setting a turning tool too high above the center line of the work? Too low? (4 marks)
- 8. Given a work diameter of  $2\frac{1}{4}$  in. and a positive back rake angle of  $18^{\circ}$  and a front relief angle of  $10^{\circ}$ ; what is the effect on these angles if the tool is set 0.040 in. above center? (4 marks)
- 9. What is steady rest? A follower rest? How are they used? (4 marks)
- 10. A tapered reamer blank is to be turned. It has an overall length of 10 in. and a tapered section 6.5 in. long. The tapered section has a small diameter of 0.785 in. and a large diameter of 0.980 in. Find: (a) the taper per in.; (b) the taper per ft;(c) the set over. (6 marks)
- 11. Define: major and minor diameter, pitch diameter, pitch, lead, and helix angle.

(5 marks)

- 12. Derive the depth equation for an American National thread. (4 marks)
- 13. Given a  $\frac{1}{2}$ -13NC thread, find: (a) the pitch; (b) the width of the flat; (c) the depth of the thread; (d) the minor diameter of the screw; (e) the tap drill size; (f) the pitch diameter; (g) the helix angle. (6 marks)

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(4 marks)

- 14. Given a  $\frac{3}{4}$  -10NC thread, find: (a) the best wire size and (b) the measurement over (5 marks) wires. 15. Find the gears needed to cut a 1.75 -mm metric thread. The lathe constant is 8, the gear progression is 5, and the gears available are 25, 30, 35....,100. (5 marks) 16. What is the knee on a milling machine? What is its purpose? (4 marks) 17. What are the distinguishing characteristics of a universal and of a plain milling machine? (4 marks) 18. What is a rotary table? How are the indexed? (4 marks) 19. How does a plain milling cutter differ from a side milling cutter? (4 marks) 20. What is a stagger-tooth cutter? Why is it preferred to a plain milling cutter? (4 marks)
- 22. A cutting speed of 100 ft/min has been selected in turning a work piece 8 in. long and 2-in diameter, a depth is 0.125 in. and a feed of 0.012 in. per revolution is used, find the rpm value and the time to take one cut.(5 marks)

21. What is the purpose of an interlocking cutter?

23. A 4-in. diameter side milling, cutter is to be used to cut a slot into a cast-iron block with a feed of 0.008 in./rev. If the cutting speed is to be 100 ft/min. the depth of the slot to be cut is 0.5 in. and the length of the work is 6 in. find;(a) the rpm; (b) the approach; (c) the time to take one cut. (6 marks)

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