

Final Examination: Semester 2

Academic Year: 2005

Date: 2 March 2006

**Time**: 13.30 - 16.30

Subject Code: 240-361

Room: R300

Subject Name: Introduction to Queueing Theory

ทุจริตในการสอบ โทษขั้นต่ำคือ ปรับตกในรายวิชาที่ทุจริต และพักการเรียนหนึ่งภาคการศึกษา

## Students must read exam instructions carefully before starting the exam

**Permitted:** writing instrumentals such as pens, pencil, and <u>one A4 paper in hand-writing (to be submitted together with exam papers) are permitted</u>

Not permitted: books, dictionaries, notes and calculators are not permitted

Exam Duration: 3 hours (180 minutes)

## Instructions to students:

- This paper has 8 pages (including the cover), 5 questions, 40 marks
- Attempt all questions
- Write answers in this exam paper only
- Any unreadable parts will be considered wrong
- Write student name and student ID on every page
- Cheating will result in failing this subject and academic halt for 1 semester.
   Maximum penalty is to be expelled from the university.

Student ID	•	1	Name :			Section:
Question	1	2	3	4	5	Total
Marks				****		

	Name :	Section :
Poisson pro an arrival r rate of 1 c	Is of new telephone calls at a ocess $N(t)$ with an arrival rate or ate of 2 calls per second for longall per second for internationals, the switching office and reco	f 2 calls per second for local cag g distance calls and with an arri l calls. An experiment consists
a) What is	s the PMF of $N(t)$ , the numbe	er of calls that arrive during
observa	ition period?	(4 marks)
	$P_{N(10)}(2)$ , the probability of exa	actly 2 calls arriving in the first
b) What is		City 2 catto at riving the the rist
b) What is		(2 marks)

Stu	dent ID:	Name:	Section :		
2.	A small driv	e-it-through-yourself car wash, in which the	next car cannot go		
	through the	washing procedure until the car in front is co	ompletely finished,		
	has a capacit	ty to hold a maximum of 3 cars (including the	one in wash). The		
	company has found that cars arrive at rate 5 cars / hour, and its service time				
	to be expone	ential with a mean of 6 minutes.			
	(a) What is to	he probability that the car wash is empty?	(8 marks)		
A	nswer				
***********					
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Student ID:	Name:	Section :
(b) What is the	he probability that the car wash is full?	(2 marks)
Answei		

Student	ID: Name:		Section :
3. In	a packet switching netw	ork, assume arrival rate is 2 p	oackets per second
		of the system is 6 packets.	
	a une average e e apares,	1	
	. wa	1	(2 montra)
(a	) What is the average del	ay of packets in the system?	(3 marks)
Answ	er		
***************************************			
(b	) Sketch a diagram show	ving the flow of packets in the s	system. Show times
	,	ontal axis and draw each packe	
	,	-	
	system for the first 6 se	econds. What is the average ni	imber of packets in
	the system at time $= 3$ s	seconds?	(4 marks)
Answ	er		
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Student ID:	Name:Section:
assumed actual pr 2 second	or is attached to the LAN of the department. Printing jobs are to arrive with a Poissonian intensity (arrival rate 0.5 job/sec) and the inting times are assumed to obey the distribution $\text{Exp}(\mu)$ with mean s. The capacity of the printer has become insufficient with regard to eased load. In order to improve the printing service, there are two wes:  Replace the old printer by a new one twice as fast, i.e. with service
	rate $2\mu$ .
Case II	Add another similar printer (service rate $\mu$ ) and there is a common
	printer queue where all jobs are taken and the job at the head of
	the queue is sent to which ever printer becomes free first. Answer
	the following question
Compare th	e mean delay and mean waiting time performance of the two
systems.	(9 marks)
Answer	
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5. New programs arrive at a CPU according to a Poisson process of rate  $\alpha$  as shown in Figure below. A program spends an exponentially distributed executing time of mean  $1/\mu_1$  in the CPU. At the end of this service time, the program execution is complete with probability p or it requires retrieving addition information from secondary storage with probability 1-p. Suppose that the retrieval of information from secondary storage requires an exponentially distributed amount of time with mean  $1/\mu_2$ . Find the mean time that each program spends in the system (in terms of  $\alpha$ , p,  $\mu_1$ ,  $\mu_2$ ).

(8 marks)

	(6 marks)
α — CPU μ <sub>1</sub> 1-p	μ <sub>2</sub>
Answer	