

มหาวิทยาลัยสงขลานครินทร์
คณะวิศวกรรมศาสตร์

การสอบกลางภาค ประจำภาคการศึกษาที่ 1

ประจำปีการศึกษา 2550

วันที่ 4 สิงหาคม 2550

เวลา 13.30-16.30 น.

วิชา 215-391 Fundamental of Mechanical Engineering

ห้อง A 401, A 403

Do all problems

ชื่อ-สกุล..... รหัส.....

รศ.ดร.ชูเกียรติ คุปตานนท์
ผู้ออกข้อสอบ

No.	Marks
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ทุจริตในการสอบ โทษขั้นต่ำคือ ปรับตกในรายวิชาที่ทุจริต และพักการเรียน 1 ภาคการศึกษา

ชื่อ-สกุล..... รหัส.....

1. A small, thin metal plate of area $A \text{ m}^2$ is kept insulated on one side and exposed to the sun on the other side. The plate absorbs solar energy at a rate of 500 W/m^2 and dissipates it by convection into the ambient air at 300 K with a convection heat transfer coefficient $20 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$ and by radiation into a surrounding area which may be assumed to be a blackbody at $T_{sky} = 280 \text{ K}$. The emissivity of the surface is 0.9 .

Determine the equilibrium temperature of the plate. [Stefan – Boltmann constant = $5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/m}^2 \text{ K}^4$]

ชื่อ-สกุล..... รหัส.....

2. A thermopane window consists of two 5-mm-thick sheets of glass separated by a stagnant air space of thickness 10 mm. The thermal conductivity of the glass is $0.78 \text{ W/(m} \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$, and that of air is $0.025 \text{ W/(m} \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$. The convection heat transfer coefficients for the inside and outside air are $10 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$ and $50 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$, respectively.

- (a) Determine the rate of heat loss per square meter of the glass surface for a temperature difference of 60°C between the inside and outside air.
- (b) Compare the result with the heat loss if the window had only a single sheet of glass of thickness 5 mm instead of the thermopane.

ชื่อ-สกุล..... รหัส.....

3. A steel tube [$k = 15 \text{ W/(m} \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$] of outside diameter 7.6 cm and thickness 1.3 cm is covered with an insulation material [$k = 0.2 \text{ W/(m} \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$] of thickness 2 cm. A hot gas at 320°C with a heat transfer coefficient of $200 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$ flows inside the tube. The outer surface of the insulation is exposed to cooler air at 20°C with a heat transfer coefficient of $50 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot ^\circ\text{C)}$.

Calculate

- (a) the heat loss from the tube to the air for a 5-m length of the tube ;
- (b) the temperature drops due to the thermal resistances of the hot gas flow, the steel tube, the insulation layer, and the outside air.

ชื่อ-สกุล..... รหัส.....

4. Determine the time required for a solid steel ball of radius 2.5 cm [$k = 54 \text{ W}/(\text{m} \cdot ^\circ\text{C})$, $\rho = 7833 \text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$, and $C_p = 0.465 \text{ kJ}/(\text{kg} \cdot ^\circ\text{C})$] to cool from 850°C to 250°C if it is exposed to an air stream at 50°C having a heat transfer coefficient $h = 100 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot ^\circ\text{C})$.

ชื่อ-สกุล..... รหัส.....

5. A counter-flow heat exchanger is to be used to cool water from 22°C to 6°C , using brine entering at -2°C and leaving at 3°C . The overall heat transfer coefficient is estimated to be $500 \text{ W/m}^2 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Calculate the heat transfer *surface area* for a design heat load of 10 kW.