

PRINCE OF SONGKLA UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

Final Examination: Semester II

Academic Year: 2008

Date: 22 February 2009

Time: 13.30 - 16.30

Subject: 230 - 432 Chemical Engineering Plant

Room: R200

Design

Student Name: Code:

Number of questions : 4 (Total 19 pages)

Time : 3 hours

Total marks : 100

Books and notes are not allowed

Calculators and writing in pencil are allowed.

Data sheets and interest tables are provided at the end of this examination paper.

Question	Full Marks	Marks Received
1	30	
2	30	
3	20	
4	20	
Total	100	

ทุจริตในการสอบโทษขั้นต่ำคือ ปรับตกในรายวิชาที่ทุจริต และพักการเรียน 1 ภาคการศึกษา

Student Name: Code :

1. a) The purchased-equipment cost of a process plant handling both solids and fluids was estimated to be \$100,000. The plant has high degree of automatic controls and is essentially outdoor operation. A large amount of direct supervision is required. Use the ranges of process-plant component cost outlined in the table below to estimate the fixed-capital cost for the plant. Do not include the land cost in the estimate. Comment on the accuracy of the estimate.

(10 marks)

Component	Range of Fixed-capital Investment, %
Direct costs	
Purchased equipment	15-40
Purchased-equipment installation	6-14
Instrumentation and controls (installed)	2-12
Piping (installed)	4-17
Electrical system (installed)	2-10
Buildings (including services)	2-18
Yard improvements	2-5
Service facilities (installed)	8-30
Land	1-2
Indirect costs	
Engineering and supervision	4-20
Construction expenses	4-17
Legal expenses	1-3
Contractor's fee	2-6
Contingency	5-15

Student Name: Code :

- b) Describe the turnover ratio method and its accuracy as the method used for estimating capital investment for a process plant.

(5 marks)

- c) Estimating the manufacturing cost per 100 kg of product under the following conditions:

Fixed-capital investment = \$4 million.

Annual production output = 9 million kg of product.

Raw material costs = \$0.25 /kg of product

Utilities:

1000 kPa steam = 50 kg/kg of product

Purchased electric power = 0.9 kWh/kg of product.

Process water = 0.083 m³/kg of product.

Operating labour = 12 persons per shift, 8 hours/shift, at \$25.00 per employee hour.

Plant operates three hundred 24-h days per year.

Operating supervision is 15 percent of operating labour.

Maintenance and repairs is 0.7 percent of fixed-capital investment.

Operating supplies is 15 percent of maintenance and repairs.

Laboratory charges is 15 percent of operating labour.

There are no patent, royalty, interest, or rent charges.

Plant overhead costs amount to 50 percent of the cost for operating labour, supervision, and maintenance.

Costs for utilities are provided in data sheet at the end of this examination paper.

(15 marks)

Student Name: Code :

2. a) A power plant for generating electricity is part of a plant design proposal. Two alternative power plants with the necessary capacity have been suggested. One uses a boiler and steam turbine while the other uses a gas turbine. The following information applies to the two proposals.

Power plant type	Boiler and Steam Turbine	Gas Turbine
Initial investment, \$	600,000	400,000
Fuel costs per year, \$	160,000	230,000
Maintenance and repair per year, \$	12,000	15,000
Insurance and taxes per year, \$	18,000	12,000
Service life, yr	20	10
Salvage value at end of service life, \$	0	0

All other costs are the same for either type of power plant. A 12 percent return is required on any investment. If one of these power plants must be accepted, which one should be recommended?

Students may use any methods they prefer for the calculation. For capitalized cost method, the following equations may be useful.

$$K = C_V + \frac{C_R}{(1 + i)^n - 1}$$

- where K = capitalized cost
 C_V = original cost of equipment
 C_R = replacement cost = C_V - salvage value
n = year
i = interest rate

(15 marks)

Student Name: Code :

- b) A new process plant project is estimated to require the fixed capital investment of \$150 million. The salvage value of the plant is \$10 million at the end of plant life of seven year. Estimate the yearly depreciation allowances for seven years using the double declining balance method.

(10 marks)

- c) Acrylic acid is produced by reacting propylene with oxygen. Propylene and air are fed to the reactor at flow rates 127 and 1,363 kmol/h, respectively and must be heated to 190^oC. The reaction is exothermic and yields acrylic acid product and acetic acid by-product at 310^oC. What are the safety considerations that must be paid in designing the reactor?

(5 marks)

Student Name: Code :

3. A rubber products plant is to be built for two years. The fixed-capital costs for the plant is \$40 millions distributed according to percent of construction. A working capital investment of \$ 7.5 millions is needed just before startup. The investing company has its own money and does not need to borrow from a bank.

The project schedule, revenues and operating expenses in millions of dollars are as follows.

End of year	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
% construction	40	60							
Annual revenue	-	-	7.2	12.0	18.0	24.0	28.0	30.0	32.0
Annual operating Expenses (excluding depreciation)	-	-	3.8	5.3	6.5	7.4	8.2	9.1	9.8

Use the MACRS depreciation schedule with a class life of 5 years (6-year time span) as follows: 20.00%, 32.00%, 19.20%, 11.52%, 11.52% and 5.76%. The income tax rate is 28%.

Write after-tax cash flow for 7-year production.

Calculate the NPV of the project at 10% interest rate.

Calculate the %IRR of the project.

Interest tables are provided at the end of this examination paper.

(20 marks)

Student Name: Code :

4. a) A carbon steel sieve-tray distillation column with 40 trays operated at an average pressure of 303.0 kPa, and average temperature of 147°C is used to separate toluene-benzene feed mixture. The top product contains 99 mole percent of benzene. Tray spacing for the column is 0.61 m. Physical properties at top of the column are:

vapour density, $\rho_v = 6.0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

liquid density, $\rho_L = 830.0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

vapour flow rate, $V = 0.08 \text{ kmol/s}$

liquid flow rate, $L = 0.05 \text{ kmol/s}$

Molecular weight for vapor mixture = 78.00

Surface tension of liquid mixture = 13.27 dynes/cm

Foaming factor = 0.9 and $A_h/A_a > 0.1$

Calculate column diameter at top of column.

(15 marks)

Note:

$L/V = R/(R+1)$, $V=D(R+1)$, R = reflux ratio, D= distillate rate, kmol/s

flooding velocity $V_{nf} = C \left(\frac{\rho_L - \rho_v}{\rho_v} \right)^{1/2}$ ---- (1)

where V_{nf} = net vapour (gas) velocity at flooding, m/s

C = capacity parameter of Souders and Brown

Fair gave a plot of C_{sb} , in the form $C_{sb} = f(\text{tray spacing}, F_{LV})$

where $F_{LV} = \left(\frac{L}{V} \right) \left(\frac{\rho_v}{\rho_L} \right)^{0.5}$, both L and V are in kmol/s

F_{LV} is called "kinetic energy ratio"

C_{sb} is Souders and Brown factor

Student Name: Code :

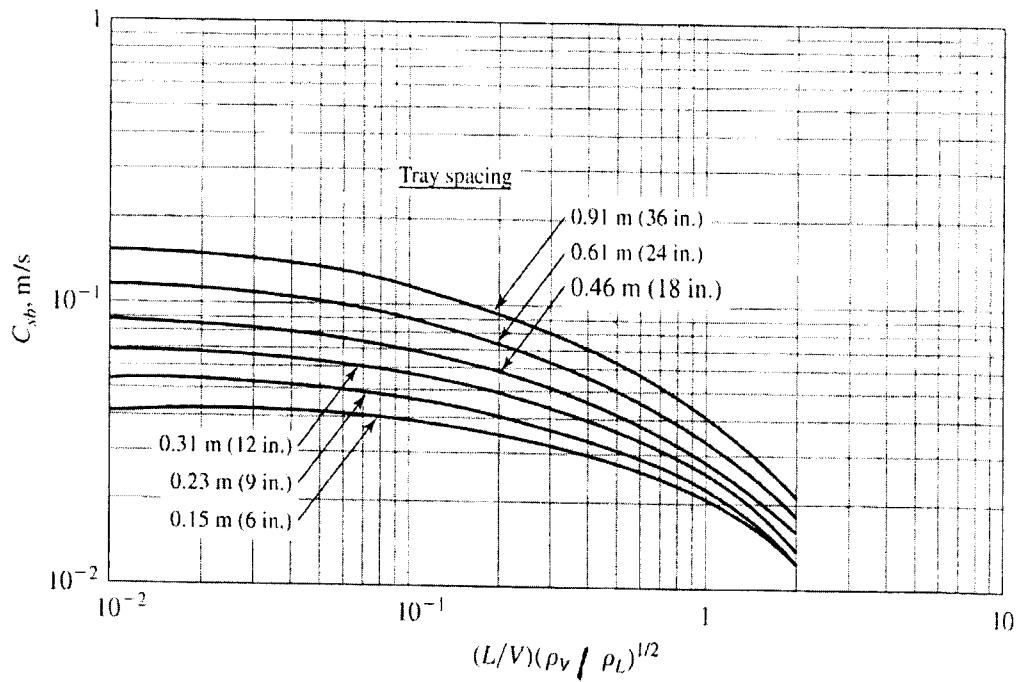


Figure
 Chart for estimating values of C_{sb} (± 10 percent) in Eq. (15-7). [Adapted from *J. R. Fair, Petro/Chem. Eng., 33(10): 45 (1961) with permission.*]

value of C in equation (1) can be calculated from C_{sb}

$$C = F_{ST} F_F F_{HA} C_{sb} \quad \text{----- (2)}$$

- โดย F_{ST} = surface tension factor = $(\sigma/20)^{0.2}$
 F_F = foaming factor (= 1.0 for nonfoaming systems)
 F_{HA} = hole area factor = 1.0 for $A_h/A_a > 0.10$
 A_h = vapour hole area, m^2
 C_{sb} = Souders and Brown factor at flood conditions, m/s
 σ = liquid surface tension, dynes/cm

from the value of C_{sb} obtained from the plot, it is used to find C from equation (2)

and then find V_{nf} from equation (1)

Student Name: Code :

Column diameter can be calculated from

$$\text{column diameter, } D = \left[\frac{4VM_v}{0.85 V_{nf} \pi \left(1 - \frac{A_d}{A}\right) \rho_v} \right]^{0.5} \quad \text{---- (3)}$$

where M_v = molecular weight of vapor

and A = total column cross-sectional area

$$A = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} \quad \text{or} \quad D = (4A/\pi)^{0.5}$$

A_d = area of one downcomer

Oliver suggested that A_d/A can be estimated from the value of F_{LV} as follows

$$A_d/A = 0.1 \quad \text{when } F_{LV} \leq 0.1$$

$$A_d/A = 0.1 + \frac{(F_{LV} - 0.1)}{9} \quad \text{when } 0.1 \leq F_{LV} \leq 1.0$$

$$A_d/A = 0.2 \quad \text{when } F_{LV} \geq 1.0$$

- 4 b) Explain the major items on a balance sheet of a chemical company. Explain the meaning of acid ratio.

(5 marks)

----- End of Examination Questions

Data Sheet

Table **Cost tabulation for selected utilities and labor**

Utility	Cost
Electricity	0.045 \$/kWh
Fuel	
Coal	0.35 \$/GJ
Petroleum	1.30 \$/GJ
Petroleum coke	0.17 \$/GJ
Gas	1.26 \$/GJ
Refrigeration, to temperature	
5°C	20.0 \$/GJ
-20°C	32.0 \$/GJ
-50°C	60.0 \$/GJ
Steam, saturated	
10 ³ -10 ⁴ kPa (150-1500 psi)	4.40 \$/1000 kg
Wastewater	
Disposal	0.53 \$/1000 kg
Treatment	0.53 \$/1000 kg
Waste	
Hazardous	145.00 \$/1000 kg
Nonhazardous	36.00 \$/1000 kg
Water	
Cooling	0.08 \$/1000 kg
Process	0.53 \$/1000 kg
Labor	
Skilled	33.67 \$/h
Common	25.00 \$/h

10% Interest Rate Factors

N	Single Payment				Equal-Payment Series				Uniform Gradient Series						
	Compound Amount Factor, (F/P, i, N)	Present Worth Factor, (P/F, i, N)	Compound Amount Factor, (F/A, i, N)	Sinking-Fund Factor, (A/F, i, N)	Present Worth Factor, (P/A, i, N)	Sinking-Fund Factor, (A/F, i, N)	Capital Recovery Factor, (A/P, i, N)	Uniform Gradient Series Factor, (A/G, i, N)	Compound Amount Factor, (F/P, i, N)	Present Worth Factor, (P/F, i, N)	Compound Amount Factor, (F/A, i, N)	Sinking-Fund Factor, (A/F, i, N)	Present Worth Factor, (P/A, i, N)	Capital Recovery Factor, (A/P, i, N)	Uniform Gradient Series Factor, (A/G, i, N)
1	1.10000	0.90909	1.00000	1.00000	0.90909	1.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.12000	0.89285	1.00000	1.00000	0.89285	1.12000	0.00000
2	1.21000	0.82644	2.10000	0.47619	1.73553	0.76190	0.47619	0.00000	1.25440	0.79193	1.20000	0.00000	1.69005	0.59169	0.00000
3	1.33100	0.75131	3.31000	0.30211	2.46852	0.51148	0.30211	0.00000	1.40493	0.71780	1.40000	0.00000	2.40183	0.41639	0.00000
4	1.46410	0.68301	4.64100	0.21547	3.16965	0.35470	0.21547	0.00000	1.57352	0.65518	1.77933	0.00000	3.03749	0.29234	0.00000
5	1.61051	0.62092	6.10510	0.16379	3.79076	0.26379	0.16379	0.00000	1.76234	0.59646	2.09234	0.00000	3.60470	0.20497	0.00000
6	1.77156	0.56473	7.71561	0.12960	4.35267	0.20907	0.12960	0.00000	1.97382	0.54631	2.52357	0.00000	4.11472	0.15740	0.00000
7	1.94872	0.51358	9.48717	0.10485	4.86918	0.17440	0.10485	0.00000	2.21068	0.50249	3.08901	0.00000	4.58375	0.11917	0.00000
8	2.14359	0.46650	11.43589	0.08744	5.33926	0.14740	0.08744	0.00000	2.47996	0.46382	3.67689	0.00000	4.98769	0.08789	0.00000
9	2.35795	0.42409	13.57948	0.07564	5.79023	0.12654	0.07564	0.00000	2.77308	0.42852	4.29545	0.00000	5.32649	0.06167	0.00000
10	2.59374	0.38543	15.93742	0.06743	6.14567	0.11018	0.06743	0.00000	3.09851	0.39585	4.94874	0.00000	5.60223	0.04584	0.00000
11	2.85312	0.35049	18.53117	0.06163	6.49061	0.09831	0.06163	0.00000	3.45755	0.36675	5.63751	0.00000	5.93769	0.03515	0.00000
12	3.13843	0.31863	21.38428	0.05763	6.81368	0.09018	0.05763	0.00000	3.85499	0.34142	6.36499	0.00000	6.32548	0.02811	0.00000
13	3.45227	0.28966	24.52271	0.05477	7.11599	0.08478	0.05477	0.00000	4.29811	0.31911	7.14091	0.00000	6.76772	0.02325	0.00000
14	3.79750	0.26333	27.97498	0.05242	7.39920	0.08092	0.05242	0.00000	4.78711	0.29969	7.99260	0.00000	7.25667	0.01972	0.00000
15	4.17725	0.23932	31.77248	0.05047	7.65687	0.07828	0.05047	0.00000	5.32107	0.28263	8.88328	0.00000	7.79862	0.01716	0.00000
16	4.59497	0.21762	35.94973	0.04881	7.89469	0.07644	0.04881	0.00000	5.91107	0.26763	9.91907	0.00000	8.39862	0.01515	0.00000
17	5.05447	0.19784	40.54470	0.04731	8.11533	0.07533	0.04731	0.00000	6.55911	0.25442	11.11111	0.00000	9.07193	0.01357	0.00000
18	5.55992	0.17985	45.59917	0.04600	8.31999	0.07481	0.04600	0.00000	7.27250	0.24267	12.47933	0.00000	9.82769	0.01226	0.00000
19	6.11591	0.16350	51.15909	0.04484	8.50980	0.07463	0.04484	0.00000	8.03469	0.23200	14.03968	0.00000	10.66436	0.01115	0.00000
20	6.72750	0.14864	57.27500	0.04381	8.67436	0.07463	0.04381	0.00000	8.94225	0.22237	15.82750	0.00000	11.58772	0.01015	0.00000
21	7.40025	0.13513	64.00250	0.04289	8.81506	0.07463	0.04289	0.00000	9.99862	0.21357	17.86436	0.00000	12.61667	0.00923	0.00000
22	8.14027	0.12286	71.40273	0.04206	8.97182	0.07463	0.04206	0.00000	11.21003	0.20559	19.99260	0.00000	13.76436	0.00837	0.00000
23	8.94973	0.11167	79.54302	0.04132	9.10533	0.07463	0.04132	0.00000	12.58333	0.19828	22.33333	0.00000	15.04636	0.00757	0.00000
24	9.84973	0.10126	88.49733	0.04066	9.21732	0.07463	0.04066	0.00000	14.03968	0.19163	24.96875	0.00000	16.46436	0.00681	0.00000
25	10.83471	0.09226	98.34706	0.04007	9.30955	0.07463	0.04007	0.00000	15.68750	0.18551	27.86436	0.00000	18.04636	0.00610	0.00000
26	11.91818	0.08390	109.18177	0.03954	9.38469	0.07463	0.03954	0.00000	17.04636	0.17980	31.03968	0.00000	19.82769	0.00551	0.00000
27	13.10999	0.07627	121.09994	0.03900	9.44402	0.07463	0.03900	0.00000	18.46436	0.17451	34.53968	0.00000	21.86436	0.00499	0.00000
28	14.42099	0.06934	148.63093	0.03851	9.48942	0.07463	0.03851	0.00000	20.13777	0.16963	38.46436	0.00000	24.16436	0.00453	0.00000
29	15.86509	0.06290	164.49402	0.03806	9.52154	0.07463	0.03806	0.00000	22.25154	0.16511	42.96875	0.00000	26.76436	0.00412	0.00000
30	17.44940	0.05706	181.94342	0.03764	9.54081	0.07463	0.03764	0.00000	24.76770	0.16094	48.16436	0.00000	29.66436	0.00374	0.00000
31	19.19434	0.05169	201.13777	0.03725	9.54811	0.07463	0.03725	0.00000	27.10243	0.15707	54.06436	0.00000	32.96436	0.00339	0.00000
32	21.11378	0.04676	222.25154	0.03689	9.54402	0.07463	0.03689	0.00000	29.91268	0.15346	60.76436	0.00000	36.66436	0.00306	0.00000
33	23.22515	0.04226	254.76770	0.03654	9.52926	0.07463	0.03654	0.00000	33.25154	0.15007	67.36436	0.00000	40.26436	0.00275	0.00000
34	25.54767	0.03814	279.12681	0.03629	9.51402	0.07463	0.03629	0.00000	36.84636	0.14688	74.96436	0.00000	44.86436	0.00246	0.00000
35	28.10244	0.03426	309.03949	0.03603	9.49842	0.07463	0.03603	0.00000	40.76436	0.14387	83.56436	0.00000	49.46436	0.00219	0.00000
36	30.91268	0.03061	334.03949	0.03577	9.48243	0.07463	0.03577	0.00000	45.06436	0.14094	93.16436	0.00000	54.06436	0.00194	0.00000
37	34.00883	0.02726	364.04343	0.03551	9.46581	0.07463	0.03551	0.00000	49.76436	0.13817	103.86436	0.00000	58.66436	0.00170	0.00000
38	37.40434	0.02414	401.44778	0.03525	9.44869	0.07463	0.03525	0.00000	54.86436	0.13554	115.66436	0.00000	64.26436	0.00147	0.00000
39	41.14478	0.02126	442.59256	0.03500	9.43102	0.07463	0.03500	0.00000	60.46436	0.13299	128.46436	0.00000	70.86436	0.00125	0.00000
40	45.25926	0.01860	488.59256	0.03475	9.41281	0.07463	0.03475	0.00000	66.56436	0.13051	142.26436	0.00000	78.46436	0.00104	0.00000
42	54.76370	0.01603	537.63699	0.03450	9.39402	0.07463	0.03450	0.00000	73.26436	0.12809	157.06436	0.00000	87.06436	0.00084	0.00000
48	97.01723	0.01037	960.17234	0.03425	9.37469	0.07463	0.03425	0.00000	111.06436	0.12572	213.06436	0.00000	126.06436	0.00064	0.00000
50	117.39065	0.00905	1163.90853	0.03400	9.35481	0.07463	0.03400	0.00000	126.06436	0.12340	240.06436	0.00000	146.06436	0.00049	0.00000
60	304.68164	0.00628	3034.81640	0.03375	9.33469	0.07463	0.03375	0.00000	166.06436	0.12113	312.06436	0.00000	186.06436	0.00034	0.00000
70	789.74696	0.00462	7887.46957	0.03350	9.31425	0.07463	0.03350	0.00000	216.06436	0.11891	384.06436	0.00000	236.06436	0.00020	0.00000
72	1271.89537	0.00428	12708.95371	0.03325	9.29349	0.07463	0.03325	0.00000	241.06436	0.11675	426.06436	0.00000	261.06436	0.00016	0.00000
75	2048.40021	0.00382	20476.00215	0.03300	9.27232	0.07463	0.03300	0.00000	271.06436	0.11464	474.06436	0.00000	291.06436	0.00012	0.00000
80	5313.02261	0.00312	53120.22612	0.03275	9.25077	0.07463	0.03275	0.00000	311.06436	0.11257	534.06436	0.00000	331.06436	0.00008	0.00000
100	13780.61234	0.00226	137796.12340	0.03250	9.22881	0.07463	0.03250	0.00000	371.06436	0.11054	636.06436	0.00000	391.06436	0.00005	0.00000

12% Interest Rate Factors

N	Single Payment				Equal-Payment Series				Uniform Gradient Series						
	Compound Amount Factor, (F/P, i, N)	Present Worth Factor, (P/F, i, N)	Compound Amount Factor, (F/A, i, N)	Sinking-Fund Factor, (A/F, i, N)	Present Worth Factor, (P/A, i, N)	Sinking-Fund Factor, (A/F, i, N)	Capital Recovery Factor, (A/P, i, N)	Uniform Gradient Series Factor, (A/G, i, N)	Compound Amount Factor, (F/P, i, N)	Present Worth Factor, (P/F, i, N)	Compound Amount Factor, (F/A, i, N)	Sinking-Fund Factor, (A/F, i, N)	Present Worth Factor, (P/A, i, N)	Capital Recovery Factor, (A/P, i, N)	Uniform Gradient Series Factor, (A/G, i, N)
1	1.12000	0.89285	1.00000	1.00000	0.89285	1.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.12000	0.89285	1.00000	1.00000	0.89285	1.12000	0.00000
2	1.25440	0.79193	1.20000	0.47619	1.69005	0.76190	0.47619	0.00000	1.25440	0.79193	1.20000	0.00000	1.69005	0.59169	0.00000
3	1.40493	0.71780	1.40000	0.30211	2.40183	0.51148	0.30211	0.00000	1.40493	0.71780	1.40000	0.00000	2.40183	0.41639	0.00000
4	1.57352	0.65518	1.77933	0.21547	3.03749	0.35470	0.21547	0.00000	1.57352	0.65518	1.77933	0.00000	3.03749	0.29234	0.00000
5	1.76234	0.59646	2.09234	0.16379	3.60470	0.26379	0.16379	0.00000	1.76234	0.59646	2.09234	0.00000	3.60470	0.20497	0.00000
6	1.97382	0.54631	2.52357	0.12960	4.11472	0.20907	0.12960	0.00000	1.97382	0.54631	2.52357	0.00000	4.11472	0.15740	0.00000
7	2.21068	0.50249	3.08901	0.10485	4.58375	0.17440	0.10485	0.00000	2.21068	0.50249	3.08901	0.00000	4.58375	0.11917	0.00000
8	2.47996	0.46382	3.67689	0.08744	4.98769	0.14740	0.08744	0.00000	2.47996	0.46382	3.67689	0.00000	4.98769	0.08789	0.00000
9	2.77308	0.42852	4.29545	0.07564	5.32649	0.12654	0.07564	0.00000	2.77308	0.42852	4.29545	0.00000	5.32649	0.06167	0.00000
10	3.09851</														