### PRINCE OF SONGKLA UNIVERSITY

#### FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

Final Examination: Semester 2 Academic Year: 2008

**Date**: 27 February 2009 **Time** 9.00-12.00 (3 hours)

Subject Number: 240-631 Room: R 200

Subject Title: Parallel and Distributed Simulation Systems

**Exam Duration**: 3 hours

This paper has 14 pages, 10 questions and 110 marks (40%).

### **Authorised Materials:**

• Writing instruments (e.g. pens, pencils).

• Textbooks, a notebook, handouts, and dictionaries are permitted.

### **Instructions to Students:**

- Scan all the questions before answering so that you can manage your time better.
- Attempt all questions in **Thai**.
- Write your name and ID on every page.
- Any unreadable parts will be considered wrong.

When drawing diagrams or coding, use good layout, and short comments; marks will not be deducted for minor syntax errors.

NO	Time (Min)	Marks	Collected	NO	Time (Min)	Marks	Collected
1	45	30	11-44	7	10	10	
2	10	10		8	15	10	
3	15	10		9	15	10	
4	10	10	7.78	10	10	10	
5	10	10		Total	180	120	
6	10	10		1 Otal	100	40	

## ทุจริตในการสอบ

โทษขั้นต่ำ ปรับตกในรายวิชานั้นและพักการเรียน 1 ภาคการศึกษา

โทษสูงสุด ให้ออก

uestion 1 a) What are time parallel applicat applications?	(30 marks; 45 minutes) tions for and what are the cost of su (2 marks)
on the time stamp (LBTS)?	Global Virtual Time (GVT) and lower bou (4 marks)
GVT	LBTS
What are the differences between collection?	Batch fossil collection and On-the-fly fos (4 marks)
Batch fossil collection	On-the-fly fossil collection

\_ID\_

Name\_

d) What are the pros and cons of *conservative* and *optimistic* algorithms in distributed simulation systems. (6 marks)

distributed simulation systems.	(O marks)		
Conservative algorithms	Optimistic algorithms		

Name	ID

e) Explain Storage optimal protocols and Artificial Rollback. When do we need them and how to select which memory can be reclaimed?

(4 marks)

	(4 marks)
Storage optimal protocols	Artificial Rollback
L	

Name		iD	

)	What are the benefits of a distance matrix?	(2 marks)
_		
_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
g)	What are anti-messages for?	(4 marks)
	180-	
h)	How does message sendback work? And what i	s it for? (4 marks)
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Question 2	(10 marks; 10 minutes)
What are the motivations and benefits of t	he followings algorithms?
a) Event Retraction	
	4.444
	1640
b) Lazy Cancellation	
c) Lazy Re-Evaluation	
Pol	
Name	ID

### Question 3 (10 marks; 15 minutes)

	Copy State Saving
	b) Infrequent State Saving
	c) Incremental State Saving
_	
_	
_	
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_	
-	

d) Reverse Computation	
Question 4	(10 marks; 10 minutes)
a) Explain the following problems.	(6 marks)
Zero Lookahead	(O marks)
2 Zero Lookaneau	
□ Simultaneous Events	
b) Give a solution to solve the above problems.	(4 marks)
Name	ID

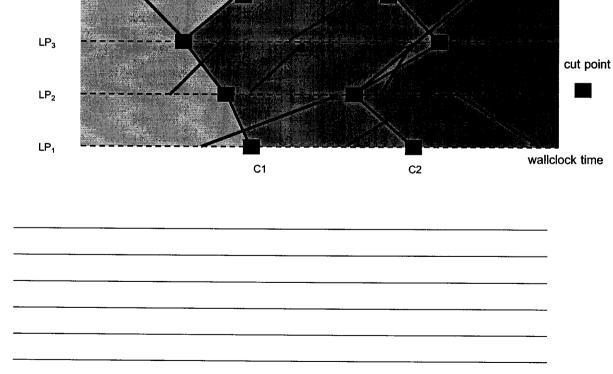
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ues	tion 5 (10 marks; 10 minutes)		
a) 	What are transient messages?	(2 marks)	
b)	What impacts can they cause?	(2 marks)	
c)	Explain the Samadi Algorithm that solutions simultaneous reporting problem with a d	ves the transient message problem an iagram. (6 marks)	
	GVT process		
	Process 1		
411/2020		wallclock	

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Name\_

Question 6 (10 marks; 10 minutes)		
	g a Global Virtual Time (GVT) without sending a from logical processes. (2 marks)	
Tell what need to be collected the reasons why.	d in a token sent round the logical processes and (4 marks)	
	****	
242.		

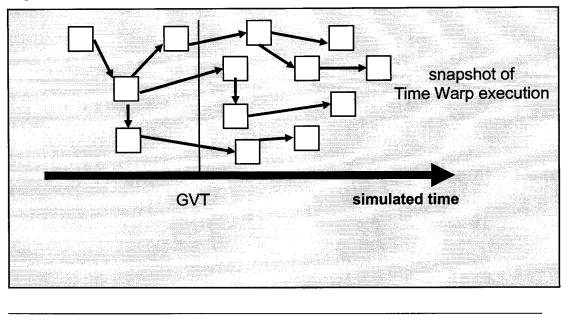


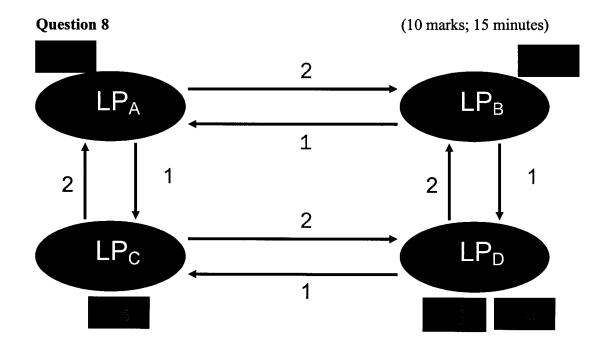
Name	ID.	

### Question 7

(6 marks; 10 minutes)

In case of Storage Optimal Protocols, **color or mark** the events in the following picture and tell which are eligible or ineligible for deletion and which events can storage be reclaimed.





Name	ID	
Name	ID .	

a)	From the	above top	ology, 1	fill in	the	following	distance	matrix.
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(2 marks)

	A	В	С	D
A				
В				
С				
D				

b)	Calculate the Lower Bound on th	ne Timestamp (LBTS) on each logical
	process.	(4 marks)

Α			
В			
C			
D			
c) Whi	ch messages depend on which?	(2 marks)	
c) Whi	ch messages depend on which?	(2 marks)	
c) Whi	ch messages depend on which?	(2 marks)	
c) Whi	ch messages depend on which?	(2 marks)	

### **Question 9**

(10 marks; 15 minutes)

Given a below sequence of references to blocks in memory, determine number of hits and misses using Least Recently Used (LRU) stack replacement. Suppose that there are 4 processors and each stack can contain 4 addresses. Trace Drive Cache Simulation using Time Parallel Simulation: Relaxation Approach.

# 4 3 2 7 1 3 8 1 2 8 3 4 5 6 7 5 1 5 6 3 4 3 6 4

Name	
Name	ID

	a	) fi	rst i	tera	tion:	assı	ıme	stac	k is	s in	itial	lly e	emp	oty		(5 1	mar	ks)					
4	3	2	7	1	3	8	1	2	8	3	4	5	6	7	5	1	5	6	3	4	3	6	4

b) second iteration: processor i uses final state of processor i-1 as initial state (5 marks)

4 3 2 7 1 3 8 1 2 8 3 4 5 6 7 5 1 5 6 3 4 3 6 4

Name	ID_	

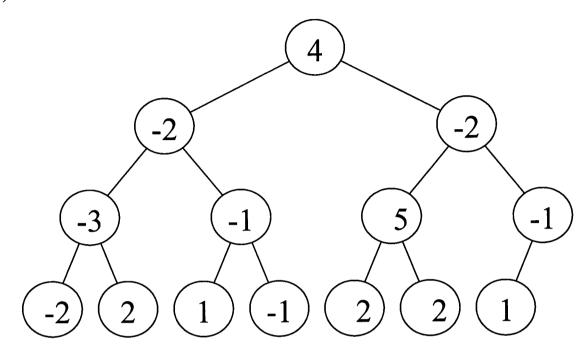
<b>Ouestion</b>	1	n
t miesiinn	- 1	

(10 marks; 10 minutes)

From the message counters in the following topologies of logical processes, use the Flush Barrier to demonstrate if there are transient messages and how many.?

a) Tree

(5 marks)



There are transient me	ssages.
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b) Butterfly

(5 marks)



transient messages.
Pichaya Tandayya, Lecturer