

**Prince of Songkla University**  
**Faculty of Engineering**

**Final Examination**

**12 October 2010**

**215-663 Energy Management in Buildings**

**Semester 1/2553**

**Time 9:00-12:00**

**Room: Robot**

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**Directions**

- A4 paper is allowed and can be written two sides of the A4 paper.
- All types of calculator are permitted.
- Attempt all 5 questions.
- The exam paper has 12 pages.

**Juntakan Taweekun**  
**Instructor**

<b>Problem</b>	<b>Marks</b>	
1	15	
2	15	
3	20	
4	20	
5	20	
Total	90	

Name \_\_\_\_\_

ID \_\_\_\_\_

Name-Surname \_\_\_\_\_ ID \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 1 (15 points)**

Explain the following process in details and also draw the process in Psychrometric chart for each process.

- 1.1 Cooling Without Condensation
- 1.2 Cooling With Condensation
- 1.3 Heating Without Humidification
- 1.4 Heating With Humidification

Name-Surname \_\_\_\_\_ ID \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 2 (15 points)**

A sedentary person (Met 1.2) generates  $\text{CO}_2$  at a rate of 0.01 g/s. If the ventilation rate for a room in which the person resides is 10 L/s, and if the ventilation air contains:

- 0.85 g/m<sup>3</sup> of  $\text{CO}_2$ ,
- 12 mg/m<sup>3</sup> of CO and
- 290  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  of  $\text{SO}_2$

What would be the concentration of  $\text{CO}_2$ , CO and  $\text{SO}_2$  in the room? Assume 1 m<sup>3</sup> of air weighs 1.2 kg.

Name-Surname \_\_\_\_\_ ID \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 3 (20 points)**

A room has length 6 m, width 6 m and height 3.3 m. The work plan is at 0.75 m from the floor and the fixtures are on the ceiling. Use LLF of 0.75. Task area and general area of this room is 15 m<sup>2</sup> and 16 m<sup>2</sup>, remaining area is non-critical area. The value of Luminaire Coefficient of Utilization (CU) can be obtained from the following table.

Room Cavity Ratio	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Luminaire Coefficient of Utilization	.55	.55	.50	.45	.40	.36	.32	.26	.26	.26	.26

The efficacy of lamp is 50 lm/W. If the uniform illuminance of visual task of 500 lux is required, calculate

- Total electric power required (in unit of Watt) and power intensity for task area, general area and non-critical area
- Power intensity for this room
- Is the calculated power intensity for this room in the acceptable range? If the answer is "No", explain at least 3 methods how to minimize the power intensity of this room.

Name-Surname \_\_\_\_\_ ID \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 4 (20 points)**

For a given time of a given day, the temperature and relative humidity of the air outside of an air-conditioning space are  $T_o = 35\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and  $RH_o = 70\%$ , respectively. The space houses 100 occupants. The space cooling load at the time is given in the followings.

Item	External Source (kW)		Internal Source (kW)		Total (kW)	
	Sensible, S	Latent, L	Sensible, S	Latent, L	Sensible, S	Latent, L
Space Cooling Load	20	-	20	15	40	15

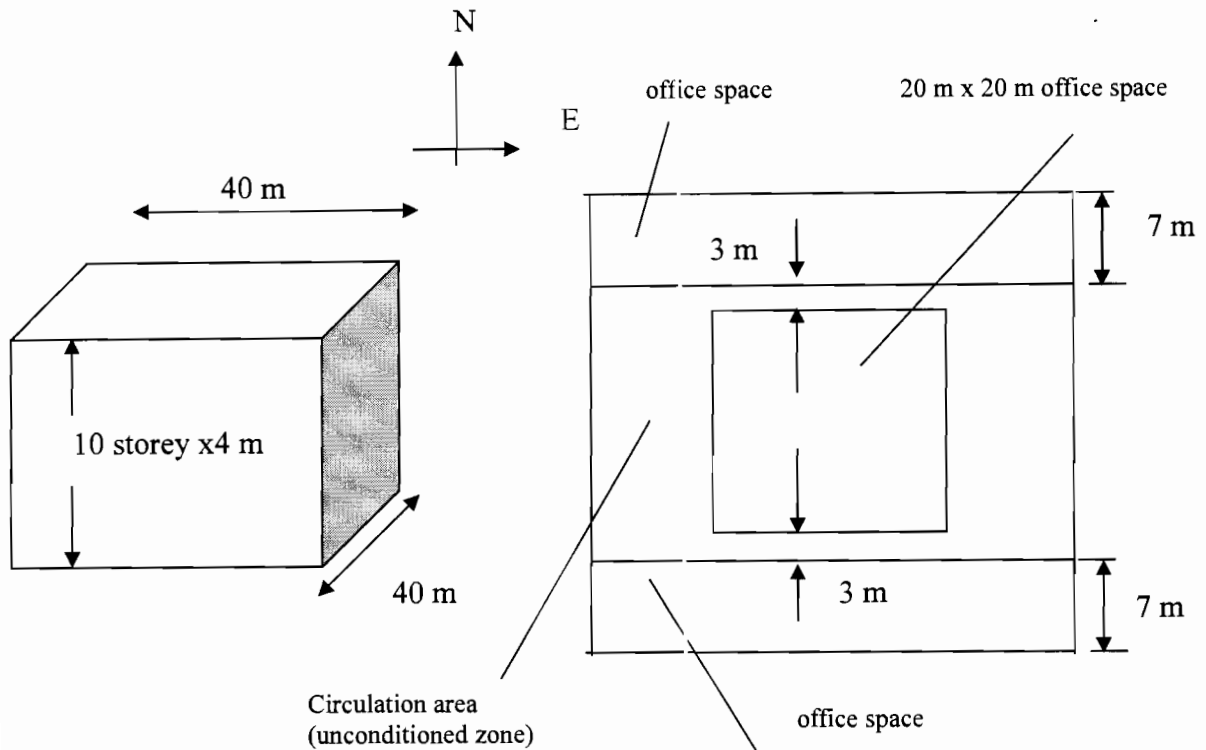
The air-conditioning system is rated at 100 kW (thermal). It draws 0.5 kg/s of outside air for ventilation. The cooling effect provided by the air-conditioner varies with load. At a steady and balance condition it supplies cool air at  $15\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ . At the outlet of the system the air is saturated and the flow rate supply air is 2.5 kg/s. Find

1. Ventilation load (sensible and latent ventilation load)
2. Condition of the air in the space.
3. Is the calculated total load exceeding the capacity of the air conditioner? If the answer is "Yes", explain how to do.

Also mark the values obtained in the Psychrometric Chart as attachment.

**Question 5 (20 points)**

A office building has a square shape as shown. The building comprises 10 floors.

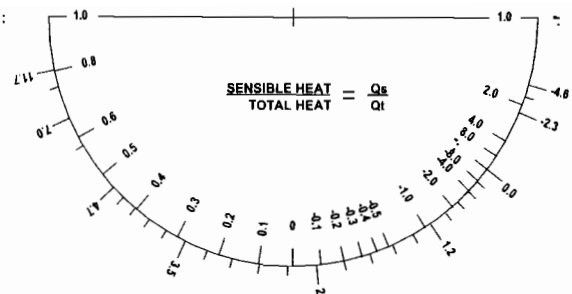


The following information are applicable.

- OTTV =  $45 \text{ Wm}^{-2}$
- RTTV =  $10 \text{ Wm}^{-2}$ .
- Uniform lighting is used
  - Office space  $23 \text{ Wm}^{-2}$
  - Circulation area  $10 \text{ Wm}^{-2}$
- Office equipment  $8 \text{ Wm}^{-2}$
- Number of people: 1 person/ $10 \text{ m}^2$  of office space
- Ventilation in office space 1 L/(s.m<sup>2</sup>), 25 W/(L/s)
- Total average power taken by lifts are 60 kW during office hours.
- System COP of air-conditioning system is 2.5.
- Security lighting during night time totals 45 kW
- Day time operating hours 2,400 per annum
- Night time operating hours 4,380 per annum

Compute the followings

- i) Average cooling load due to external factor (kW)
- ii) Average cooling load of the building (kW)
- iii) Average electrical power for day time (kW)
- iv) Average electrical power for night time (kW)
- v) Annual energy consumption ( $\text{kWhm}^{-2}\text{Yr}^{-1}$ ).



**PSYCHROMETRIC CHART**  
 Normal Temperature  
 SI Units  
**SEA LEVEL**  
 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE: 101.325 kPa

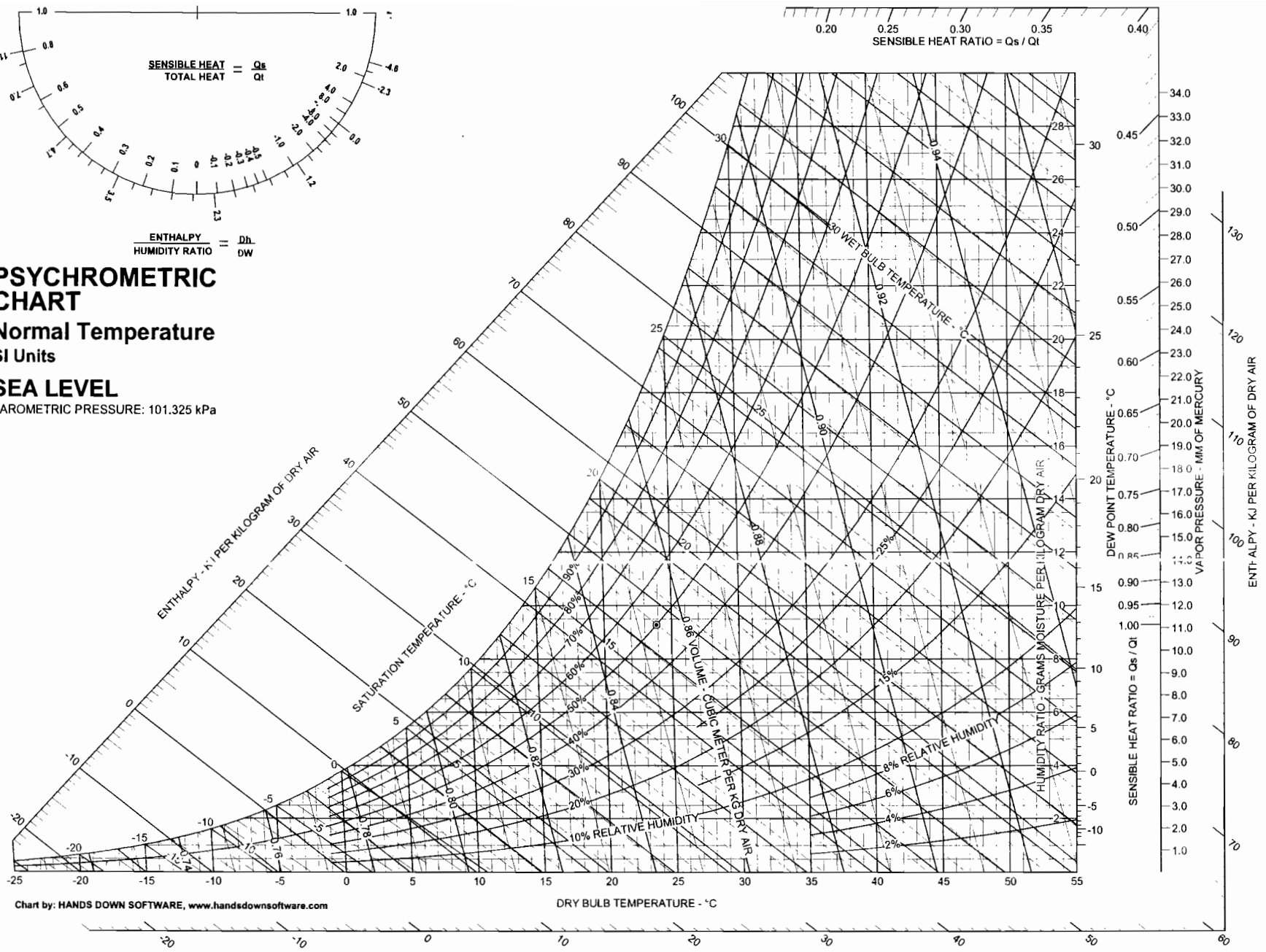


Chart by: HANDS DOWN SOFTWARE, [www.handsdownsoftware.com](http://www.handsdownsoftware.com)