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| พื้อ สกอ | รหสรหส |
| กด-ผเไพ | |

มหาวิทยาลัยสงขลานครินทร์ คณะวิศวกรรมศาสตร์

ข้อสอบกลางภาค: ภาคการศึกษาที่ 1

ปีการศึกษา: 2556

วันที่สอบ: 30 กรกฎาคม 2556

เวลา: 9.00-12.00

วิชา: 230 –466 การประยุกต์คอมพิวเตอร์สำหรับวิศวกรเคมี

ห้องสอบ: COM 1

ทุจริตในการสอบ โทษขั้นต่ำ คือ ปรับตกในรายวิชาที่ทุจริต และพักการเรียน 1 ภาคการศึกษา

อนุญาตให้นำเอกสารทุกชนิดเข้าห้องสอบได้

• อนุญาตให้นำแผ่นข้อมูลเข้าห้องสอบได้

• ไม่อนุญาตให้นำเครื่องคำนวณใดๆ เข้าห้องสอบ

ห้ามหยิบยืมเอกสารและแผ่นข้อมูล

• เขียนชื่อ และรหัสทุกหน้า (ข้อสอบทั้งหมดมี 8 หน้า รวมปก)

| ข้อ | คะแนนเต็ม | คะแนนที่ได้ |
|-----|-----------|-------------|
| 1 | 35 | |
| 2 | 35 | |
| 3 | 35 | |
| 4 | 35 | |
| รวม | 140 | |

รศ. ดร. ลือพงศ์ แก้วศรีจันทร์ ผู้ออกข้อสอบ

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- 1. (35 points) Calculate the terminal velocity of coal ρ_p = 1,200 kg/m³, Dp = 3.3 millimeter falling in one of the water at 27 °C in a centrifuge separator where the acceleration (a) is 30,000g. Additional information and data are as followed.
 - a. viscosity and density water at 27 °C (μ = 0.86x10⁻³ kg/(m s), ρ = 997 kg/m³)
 - b. assuming that the coal particles are spherical, a force balance on a particle yields

$$v_t = \sqrt{\frac{4a(\rho_P - \rho)D_P}{3C_D \rho}}$$

Where v_t [m/s], g [m/s²], ρ_P [kg/m³], D_P [m] and C_D [dimensionless coefficient], g [9.81m/s²] : C_D = 24/Re for Re<0.1, C_D = (24/Re)(1+0.14Re^{0.7}) for 0.1 \leq Re \leq 1000, C_D = 0.44 for 1,000 \leq Re \leq 35,000 and C_D = 0.19 - 8.0 x10⁴/Re for 35,000< Re

Fill in density, viscosity, acceleration in SI unit and also give symbols that you are going to use in the program:

| | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|------------------|--------|-------|------|
| density of fluid | | | |
| density of coal | | | |
| viscosity | | | |
| acceleration | | | |

Use Polymath to calculate the velocity by filling in the following window of $f(v_i)$ and CD

| So | lve | with: | |
|----|-----|-------|--|
| | | | |

| • | → IV Co | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|--------|------|-----|---|---|
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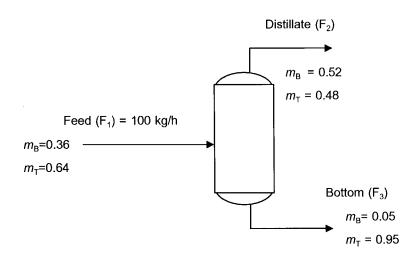
| | Implicit equations / explicit equations |
|-----|---|
| | f(vt)= |
| | |
| | CD= |
| | |
| | |
| *** | |

Fill in the following results

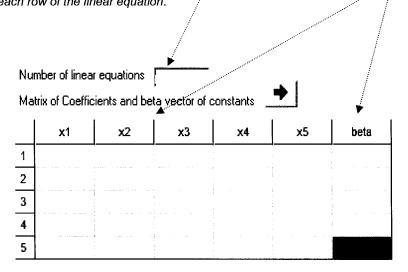
| | value | Unit | | value | Unit | | value | Unit |
|----|-------|------|----------------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|
| Re | | • | C _D | | | v_{t} | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

ชื่อ-สกุล.....รหัส......

2. (35 points) The feed to a distillation column contains 36 % benzene by weight, the remainder being toluene. The overhead distillate is to contain 52 % benzene by weight, while the bottoms are to contain 5 % benzene by weight.



Direction 1: Fill in the following window for (a) Number of linear equations and (b) x1, x2, x3,... and beta for each row of the linear equation.



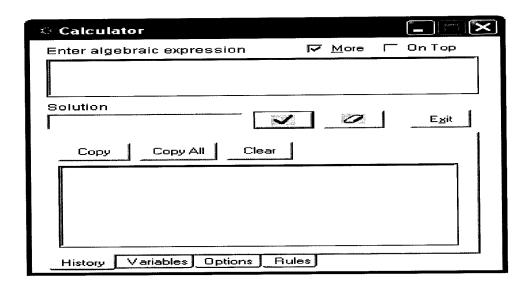
Show the results after calculate in linear equation solver above

 $F_2 = kg/h$ $F_3 = kg/h$

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| | (Reserved for problem # 2) | |

Direction 2: Calculate mass flow rate in unit of kg/h of benzene (n_B) and toluene (n_T) in F_3 by calculator

 $n_{\rm B} = {\rm kg/h} n_{\rm T} = {\rm kg/h}$



Answer the questions:

| (a) | The percentage | of benzene | fed | containing | in | the | distillate: |
|-----|----------------|------------|-----|------------|----|-----|-------------|
|-----|----------------|------------|-----|------------|----|-----|-------------|

<u>Ans</u>.....%

(b) The percentage of the total which leaves as distillate:

Ans....%

3. (35 points) Use method of multiple linear regression to determine parameters (a, b, c, and d) for the vapor pressure (P_{vap}) data of propane

$$\frac{P_{vap}}{P_{c}} = \frac{a(1-T/T_{c}) + b(1-T/T_{c})^{1.5} + c(1-T/T_{c})^{3} + d(1-T/T_{c})^{6}}{T/T_{c}}$$

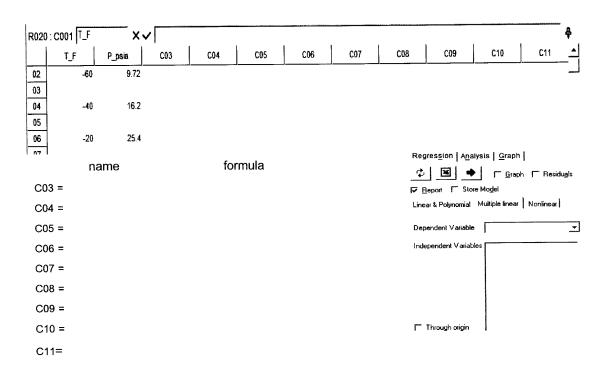
Where: P_c = critical pressure of pure substance = 42 atm (for propane)

 T_c = absolute critical temperature of pure substance = 370 K (for propane)

T = absolute temperature

| | Temp | Pressure | | Temp | Pressure |
|----|------|----------|----|------|----------|
| No | (F) | (psia) | No | (F) | (psia) |
| 1 | -70 | 7.37 | 11 | 30 | 66.3 |
| 2 | -60 | 9.72 | 12 | 40 | 78 |
| 3 | -50 | 12.6 | 13 | 50 | 91.8 |
| 4 | -40 | 16.2 | 14 | 60 | 107.1 |
| 5 | -30 | 20.3 | 15 | 70 | 124 |
| 6 | -20 | 25.4 | 16 | 80 | 142.8 |
| 7 | -10 | 31.4 | 17 | 90 | 164 |
| 8 | 0 | 38.2 | 18 | 100 | 187 |
| 9 | 10 | 46 | 19 | 110 | 213 |
| 10 | 20 | 55.5 | 20 | 120 | 240 |

Direction 1: Show the window of the multiple linear regressions by selecting independent variable(s) and dependent variable (express names and formulas of each column; also show the values of row 02, 04 and 06)Note: **You should declare the values by using 2 decimal only!**



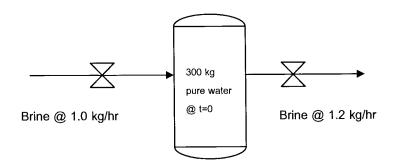
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|-----------|------------------------|
| (Res | erved for problem # 3) |

Direction 2: Show your results of a, b, c, d and R² after regression

| | value |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| а | |
| b | |
| С | |
| d | |
| R ² (not the Gas constant) | |

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4. (35 points) A well-mixed tank cylinder of initially 300 kg of pure water needs to mix with brine solution. At time zero a brine solution (30 % salt by weight) is being filled with an inlet flow of 1 kg/hr at the same time the outlet flow of the brine solution from the cylinder is 1.2 kg/h. (1) What is the total weight and concentration of the brine in the tank after the opening of the valves for 18 hours? (2) At what time the weight per cent brine in the cylinder reach 5%?



Note: At *t*=0, there is no brine in the tank,

Two valves opened at time zero

(1) Fill the blanks of Initial value, Final value and put Differential equations and explicit equations.

| | p Var It Initial Value | | |
|----------------|--|---------------|--|
| Solv | e with RKF45 ▼ Final Value I | | |
| I | able <u>Graph</u> <u>Report</u> Comments | | |
| Ac | Id DE Add EE Remove Edit 2 | 4 > | |
| | Differential equations / explicit equations | Initial value | Comments |
| 1 | | | total mass in cylinder |
| 2 | ATTER STORM COLUMN TO STORM TO COLUMN TO STORM TO COLUMN | | Total salt in cylinder |
| 3 | | | percent of salt in cylinder |
| 4 | | | Section 1 Commence of the section of |
| 5 | | | |
| 6 | | | en la companya de la |
| - 7 | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 8 | | | , |
| 9 | | | |

What is the total weight and concentration of the brine in the tank after the opening of the valves for 18 hours?

<u>Ans</u>.....

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| /Pacar | ved for problem # 4) |

(2) Calculate the time that the weight per cent brine in the tank is 5% by mean of the following window.

